



## Iron Scriptor 2018: Prequel 10

### The puzzle

Greetings Iron Scriptors. This is your last challenge before Iron Scriptor.

In this weeks challenge you're required to:

- List all event logs that contain 1 or more records
- Determine the percentage of the log size that has been used
- If the log is over 80% full:
  - Ensure that the log is set to over write old records as required.
  - Increase the maximum log size by 10%
- Create a log file of your changes
- Your code should not display any errors when run.
- Your code should display all logs that have entries in them.
- Your code should display any hidden logs that contain entries in them.
- You should display the complete log name, and the number of entries in the log.
- The number of entries in the logs should be displayed in descending order (the log with the most entries in it should appear on the first line of the output).

Use best practice if it doesn't conflict with your faction's aims. The solution must be acceptable to your faction:

- Daybreak Faction - beautiful code
- Flawless Faction - flawless code
- Battle Faction - good enough to get the job done

Good luck and good coding.

## The Commentary

This puzzle revolves around the event logs. To display the event log information, you may be tempted to do this:

```
Get-EventLog -List
```

While you'll get a display similar to this:

```
PS> Get-EventLog -List
```

Max(K)	Retain	OverflowAction	Entries	Log
20,480	0	OverwriteAsNeeded	38,781	Application
20,480	0	OverwriteAsNeeded	0	HardwareEvents
512	7	OverwriteOlder	0	Internet Explorer
20,480	0	OverwriteAsNeeded	0	Key Management Service
128	0	OverwriteAsNeeded	298	OAlerts
512	7	OverwriteOlder	0	PiALog
20,480	0	OverwriteAsNeeded	25,419	Security
20,480	0	OverwriteAsNeeded	15,449	System
16,384	0	OverwriteAsNeeded	38	TechSmith
15,360	0	OverwriteAsNeeded	8,086	windows PowerShell

It's only part of the story. The event logs above are the "traditional" event logs. Another type of event log was introduced with Windows Vista. For those you need to use:

```
Get-WinEvent -ListLog *
```

In which case you'll get this (truncated) view:

```
PS> Get-WinEvent -ListLog *
```

LogMode	MaximumSizeInBytes	RecordCount	LogName
Circular	20971520	38781	Application
Circular	20971520	0	HardwareEvents
Circular	1052672	0	Internet Explorer
Circular	20971520	0	Key Management Service
Circular	1052672	298	OAlerts
Circular	1052672	0	PiALog
Circular	20971520	25419	Security
Circular	20971520	15449	System
Circular	16777216	38	TechSmith
Circular	15728640	8086	windows PowerShell
Circular	1052672	0	AMSI/Operational
Circular	20971520	0	ForwardedEvents
Circular	10485760	0	Microsoft-AppV-Client/Admin
Circular	10485760	0	Microsoft-AppV-Client/Operational
Circular	10485760	0	Microsoft-AppV-Client/Virtual Applications
Circular	1052672	2397	Microsoft-Client-Licensing-Platform/Admin
Circular	1052672	0	Microsoft-User Experience Virtualization-Ag...
Circular	1052672	0	Microsoft-User Experience Virtualization-Ap...
Circular	1052672	0	Microsoft-User Experience Virtualization-IP...
Circular	1052672	0	Microsoft-User Experience Virtualization-SQ...
Circular	1052672	1	Microsoft-Windows-AAD/Operational
Circular	1052672	0	Microsoft-Windows-All-User-Install-Agent/Admin
Circular	1052672	0	Microsoft-Windows-AllJoyn/Operational
Circular	1052672	0	Microsoft-Windows-AppHost/Admin

You get the traditional event logs and much more. A total of 440 logs on my Windows 10 system. The logs you see depend on the features you've enabled.

We only want event logs with at least 1 record:

```
Get-WinEvent -ListLog * |  
where RecordCount -ge 1
```

The next step is to determine the percentage of the log that has been used. If you examine an individual log:

```
Get-WinEvent -ListLog 'Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell/Operational' |  
where RecordCount -ge 1 |  
Format-List *
```

```
PS> Get-WinEvent -ListLog 'Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell/Operational' |
where RecordCount -ge 1 |
Format-List *
```

```

FileSize                : 15732736
IsLogFull                : False
LastAccessTime          : 26/10/2017 11:48:39
LastWriteTime           : 15/03/2018 11:00:08
OldestRecordNumber      : 15656
RecordCount              : 2828
LogName                  : Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell/Operational
LogType                  : Operational
LogIsolation             : Application
IsEnabled                : True
IsClassicLog             : False
SecurityDescriptor       : 0:BAG:SYD:(A;;;0x2;;;S-1-15-2-1)(A;;;0x2;;;S-1-15-3-1024
                        -3153509613-960666767-3724611135-2725662640-12138253-5
                        43910227-1950414635-4190290187)(A;;;0xf0007;;;SY)(A;;;0x
                        7;;;BA)(A;;;0x7;;;SO)(A;;;0x3;;;IU)(A;;;0x3;;;SU)(A;;;0x3
                        ;;S-1-5-3)(A;;;0x3;;;S-1-5-33)(A;;;0x1;;;S-1-5-32-573)
LogFilepath              : %SystemRoot%\System32\winevt\Logs\Microsoft-Windows-Po
                        werShell%4Operational.evtx
MaximumSizeInBytes       : 15728640
LogMode                  : Circular
OwningProviderName       : Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell
ProviderNames            : {Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell}
ProviderLevel            :
ProviderKeywords         :
ProviderBufferSize       : 64
ProviderMinimumNumberOfBuffers : 0
ProviderMaximumNumberOfBuffers : 64
ProviderLatency           : 1000
ProviderControlGuid       :

```

You'll see a FileSize and MaximumSizeInBytes. If you notice the file size is slightly bigger than the maximum size in this instance suggesting the log is full! The extra must be an overhead in the log.

To calculate the percentage of the log that is used:

```
Get-WinEvent -ListLog * |
where RecordCount -ge 1 |
select LogName, LogMode, RecordCount,
@{N='PercentFull'; E={ [math]::Floor((($_.FileSize / $_.MaximumSizeInBytes)*100)}}
```

Which gives results like these:

LogName	LogMode	RecordCount	PercentFull
Application	Circular	38788	100
OAAlerts	Circular	298	100
Security	Circular	25421	100
System	Circular	15449	45
TechSmith	Circular	38	0
Windows PowerShell	Circular	8088	100
Microsoft-Client-Licensing-Platform/Admin	Circular	2400	100
Microsoft-Windows-AAD/Operational	Circular	1	6
Microsoft-Windows-Application-Experience/Program-Compatibility-Assistant	Circular	4	6
Microsoft-Windows-Application-Experience/Program-Telemetry	Circular	1441	100
Microsoft-Windows-ApplicationResourceManagementSystem/Operational	Circular	1388	100
Microsoft-Windows-AppModel-Runtime/Admin	Circular	2004	100
Microsoft-Windows-AppReadiness/Admin	Circular	571	21
Microsoft-Windows-AppReadiness/Operational	Circular	257	21
Microsoft-Windows-AppXDeployment/Operational	Circular	2090	100
Microsoft-Windows-AppXDeploymentServer/Operational	Circular	5946	100
Microsoft-Windows-AppxPackaging/Operational	Circular	2007	100
Microsoft-Windows-A			

I've used the [math]::Floor() method to round the percentage down to the integer portion.

You need to use the -Force parameter to ensure that you get the debug and analytic logs otherwise they're hidden:

```
Get-WinEvent -ListLog * -Force |
where RecordCount -ge 1 |
select LogName, LogMode, RecordCount,
@{N='PercentFull'; E={ [math]::Floor((($_.FileSize / $_.MaximumSizeInBytes)*100)}}
```

There's a requirement to display the logs in descending record number order:

```
Get-WinEvent -ListLog * -Force |
where RecordCount -ge 1 |
sort RecordCount -Descending |
select LogName, LogMode, RecordCount,
@{N='PercentFull'; E={[math]::Floor(($_.FileSize / $_.MaximumSizeInBytes)*100)}}}
```

If the log is more than 80 percent full you were tasked with ensuring the log was set to overwrite old records and to increase the size by 10 percent. Any changes had to be logged.

Let's see what we have to work with in the output of Get-WinEvent -ListLog

```
PS> $1 = Get-WinEvent -ListLog 'Microsoft-Windows-HomeGroup Provider Service/Operational'
PS> $1 | gm

    TypeName: System.Diagnostics.Eventing.Reader.EventLogConfiguration

Name                               MemberType      Definition
----                               -
Dispose                             Method          void Dispose(), void IDisposable.Dispose()
Equals                               Method          bool Equals(System.Object obj)
GetHashCode                           Method          int GetHashCode()
GetType                               Method          type GetType()
SaveChanges                           Method          void SaveChanges()
ToString                              Method          string ToString()
FileSize                              NoteProperty    long FileSize=1052672
IsLogFull                             NoteProperty    bool IsLogFull=False
LastAccessTime                        NoteProperty    datetime LastAccessTime=26/10/2017 11:35:34
LastWriteTime                         NoteProperty    datetime LastWriteTime=15/03/2018 10:20:42
OldestRecordNumber                   NoteProperty    long OldestRecordNumber=1
RecordCount                           NoteProperty    long RecordCount=947
IsClassicLog                          Property        bool IsClassicLog {get;}
IsEnabled                             Property        bool IsEnabled {get;set;}
LogFilePath                           Property        string LogFilePath {get;set;}
LogIsolation                           Property        System.Diagnostics.Eventing.Reader.EventLogIsolation
LogIsolation {get;}
LogMode                               Property        System.Diagnostics.Eventing.Reader.EventLogMode
LogMode {get;set;}
LogName                               Property        string LogName {get;}
LogType                               Property        System.Diagnostics.Eventing.Reader.EventLogType
LogType {get;}
MaximumSizeInBytes                   Property        long MaximumSizeInBytes {get;set;}
OwningProviderName                   Property        string OwningProviderName {get;}
ProviderBufferSize                   Property        System.Nullable[int] ProviderBufferSize {get;}
ProviderControlGuid                  Property        System.Nullable[guid] ProviderControlGuid {get;}
ProviderKeywords                      Property        System.Nullable[long] ProviderKeywords {get;set;}
ProviderLatency                       Property        System.Nullable[int] ProviderLatency {get;}
ProviderLevel                         Property        System.Nullable[int] ProviderLevel {get;set;}
ProviderMaximumNumberOfBuffers        Property        System.Nullable[int] ProviderMaximumNumberOfBuffers
{get;}
ProviderMinimumNumberOfBuffers        Property        System.Nullable[int] ProviderMinimumNumberOfBuffers
{get;}
ProviderNames                         Property        System.Collections.Generic.IEnumerable[string]
ProviderNames {get;}
SecurityDescriptor                    Property        string SecurityDescriptor {get;set;}
```

Changing the logmode involves using the System.Diagnostics.Eventing.Reader.EventLogMode enum:

```
PS> [enum]::GetValues('System.Diagnostics.Eventing.Reader.EventLogMode')
Circular
AutoBackup
Retain
```

The MaximumSizeInBytes is a long so you can multiply by 1.1 to increase the value by 10%. You have to use the SaveChanges() method to apply the changes.

NOTE: Adding 10% to the maximum size may not be enough to get the log to below 80% full. You may need to run this a couple of times.

Adding the changes and logging gives this:

```
Get-WinEvent -ListLog * -Force |
where RecordCount -ge 1 |
sort RecordCount -Descending |
```

```

foreach {
    $percfull = [math]::Floor(($_.FileSize / $_.MaximumSizeInBytes)*100)
    $psitem | select LogName, LogMode, RecordCount, @{N='PercentFull'; E={$percfull}}
    if ($percfull -gt 80){
        if ($_.LogMode -ne 'Circular') {
            $_.LogMode = [System.Diagnostics.Eventing.Reader.EventLogMode]::Circular
            $_.SaveChanges()

            $outstring = "$(Get-Date) $(($_.LogName)) set to circular logging"
            Add-Content -Path C:\TestScripts\EventLogChanges.txt -Value $outstring
        }
        $newsized = ($_.MaximumSizeInBytes * 1.1) -as [long]
        $_.MaximumSizeInBytes = $newsized
        $_.SaveChanges()

        $outstring = "$(Get-Date) Increased file size of $(($_.LogName)) to $newsized"
        Add-Content -Path C:\TestScripts\EventLogChanges.txt -Value $outstring
    }
}
}

```

I had to move the addition of the Percentfull property inside the foreach because using select before the foreach stripped off the SaveChanges() method!

All that's left is to add the bells, whistles and error handling to ensure that the script won't fail. That sounds like a faction orientated exercise so I'll leave to you as homework before Summit.